Factoring Methods Checklist

1. Greatest Common Factor (GCF)

Example	$14x^4 - 21x^2$	$14x^4 = 2 \cdot 7 \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x$
	$= 7x^{2}(2x^{2} - 3)$	$21x^2 = 3 \cdot 7 \cdot x \cdot x$
		$GCF = 7x^2$

Note: Divide each term by the GCF- check by distributing

2. Difference of Squares (2 terms, sign is always negative)

Examples	x ² - 64 9x ² - 49	(x + 8)(x - 8) (3x + 7)(3x - 7)

Note: Find the square root of each term

Pattern (+)(-)

3. Perfect Square Trinomials (PST) (3 terms, constant is positive)

Pattern	(+)2	or	(-)2
Examples			24x + x + 4	9			$(4x + 3)^2$ $(x - 2)^2$

Note: Find the square root of the 1st and 3rd term - Be sure to check middle term $4x \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = 24x$ $x \cdot -2 \cdot 2 = -4x$

4. Trinomial Factoring

8.2 $ax^2 + bx + c$ 8.1 $x^2 + bx + c$ $3x^2 - 4x - 7$ Examples $x^2 - 5x + 6$ (3x)(x) (x)(x) F<u>actors of 3</u> Factors of 6 Factors of -7 1, 6 2, 3 1, -7 1, 3 -1, -6 -2, -3 -1.7 (x - 2)(x - 3)(3x - 7)(x + 1)

Note: FOIL to check correct factorization

5. Grouping (typically 4 or 5 terms)

Example $x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 6$

 $\begin{array}{rll} x^3 + 2x^2 & + & 3x + 6 & \text{or} & x^3 + 3x & + & 2x^2 + 6 \\ \text{GCF} & x^2 (x + 2) & + & 3(x + 2) & & \text{GCF} & x (x^2 + 3) + 2 (x^2 + 3) \\ & & (x^2 + 3) (x + 2) & & (x + 2) (x^2 + 3) \end{array}$

Note: Use a pattern to group terms together and find the GCF of each "group" – several patterns may work for a given expression

6. Sum/Difference of Cubes

Example $a^3 + b^3 = (a + b) (a^2 - ab + b^2)$

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a - b) (a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

Solving a Factored Equation

Set each quantity equal to zero and solve for the variable

(4x + 1)(4x - 1) = 0

4x + 1 = 0	4x - 1 = 0
4x = -1	4x = 1
$X = -\frac{1}{4}$	$X = \frac{1}{4}$